

高斯回归

① (贝叶斯) 线性回归

$$y = X^T w \quad (n \geq N)$$

$$\min \|y - X^T w\|_2$$

似然函数

$$\begin{aligned} P(y | X, w) &= \prod P(y_i | x_i, w) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} \prod e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (y_i - x_i^T w)^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} (y - X^T w)^T \frac{1}{\sigma^2} (y - X^T w)} \end{aligned}$$

先验分布 $w \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\Sigma_0} e^{-\frac{1}{2} w^T \Sigma_0^{-1} w}$

后验分布

$$P(w | X, y) \propto e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (y - X^T w)^T (y - X^T w)} e^{-\frac{1}{2} w^T \Sigma_0^{-1} w}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (y^T y - w^T X y - y^T X^T w + w^T X X^T w) - \frac{1}{2} w^T \Sigma_0^{-1} w$$

二次式 $-\frac{1}{2} w^T \left(\frac{X X^T}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma_0^{-1} \right) w + \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (w^T X y + y^T X^T w)$

$$-\frac{1}{2} (w - \hat{w})^T \left(\frac{X X^T}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma_0^{-1} \right) (w - \hat{w})$$

$$\left(\frac{X X^T}{\sigma^2} + \Sigma_0^{-1} \right) \hat{w} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} X y$$

$$\Rightarrow (X X^T + \sigma^2 \Sigma_0^{-1}) \hat{w} = X y$$

ridge
山脊回归
损失函数加了
了山脊一样的

正则项

$$f(x) = \psi(x)^T w \quad y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi(x_1)^T \\ \psi(x_2)^T \\ \vdots \\ \psi(x_n)^T \end{pmatrix} w = X^T w$$

$$f_* = P(f_* | x_*, X, y)$$

$$= \mathcal{N}(\psi(x_*)^T (X X^T + \delta^2 \Sigma_0^{-1})^{-1} X y,$$

$$\psi(x_*)^T (\frac{1}{\delta^2} X X^T + \Sigma_0^{-1})^{-1} \psi(x_*))$$

$$\psi(x_*)^T \delta^{-2} (\Sigma_0 - \Sigma_0 X (X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I)^{-1} X^T \Sigma_0) X y$$

$$= \psi(x_*)^T \delta^{-2} (\Sigma_0 X y - \Sigma_0 X (X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I)^{-1} X^T \Sigma_0 X y)$$

$$= \psi(x_*)^T \delta^{-2} (\Sigma_0 X y - \Sigma_0 X (y - (X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I)^{-1} \delta^2 I y))$$

$$= \psi(x_*)^T \delta^{-2} \Sigma_0 X (X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I)^{-1} \delta^2 I y$$

$$= \psi(x_*)^T \Sigma_0 X (X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I)^{-1} y$$

$$\psi(x_*)^T \delta^2 (X X^T + \delta^2 \Sigma_0^{-1})^{-1} \psi(x_*)$$

$$= \psi(x_*)^T (\Sigma_0 - \Sigma_0 X (X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I)^{-1} X^T \Sigma_0) \psi(x_*)$$

$$f_* \sim \mathcal{N}(\underbrace{\psi(x_*)^T \Sigma_0 X}_{k_*^T} (\underbrace{X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I}_K)^{-1} y,$$

$$\underbrace{\psi(x_*)^T \Sigma_0 \psi(x_*)}_{k(x_*, x_*)} - \underbrace{\psi(x_*)^T \Sigma_0 X}_{k_*^T} (\underbrace{X^T \Sigma_0 X + \delta^2 I}_K)^{-1} \underbrace{X^T \Sigma_0 \psi(x_*)}_{k_*})$$

② 高斯过程

$$\begin{pmatrix} f \\ f_* \end{pmatrix} = \mathcal{N} \left(0, \begin{bmatrix} k(x, x) & k(x, x_*) \\ k(x_*, x) & k(x_*, x_*) \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} f^T & f_*^T \\ \underline{y} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} k(x, x) & k(x, x_*) \\ k(x_*, x) & k(x_*, x_*) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f \\ f_* \end{bmatrix}} \rightarrow y \quad \boxed{\text{red curve}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ -k(x_*, x)k(x, x)^{-1} & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} k(x, x) & k(x, x_*) \\ k(x_*, x) & k(x_*, x_*) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & -k(x, x)^{-1}k(x, x_*) \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} k(x, x) & 0 \\ 0 & k(x_*, x_*) - k(x_*, x)k(x, x)^{-1}k(x, x_*) \end{bmatrix} D$$

$L \quad K \quad L^T$

$$K^{-1} = L^T D^{-1} L$$

$$\exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} f^T & f_*^T \\ \underline{y} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} k(x, x) & k(x, x_*) \\ k(x_*, x) & k(x_*, x_*) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f \\ f_* \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} k(x, x)^{-1} \\ S^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f \\ f_* - \underline{k(x_*, x)k(x, x)^{-1}f} \end{bmatrix}$$

m_*

$$\propto \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} (f_* - m_*)^T S^{-1} (f_* - m_*) \right)$$

期望不为0的高斯过程

$$g(x) \sim \mathcal{GP}(h(x)^T b, k(x, x') + h(x)^T B h(x'))$$

$$\text{定义 } H = [h(x_1) \ h(x_2) \ \dots \ h(x_n)]$$

$$H_* = [h(x_{1*}) \ h(x_{2*}) \ \dots \ h(x_{n*})]$$

$$K = K(X, X) \quad K_* = K(X_*, X)$$

$$\text{Eg}(X_*) = H_*^T b + \underbrace{(K_* + H_*^T B H)}_{K^{-1} - K^{-1} H^T (H K^{-1} H^T + B^{-1}) H K^{-1}} (y - H^T b)$$

$$K^{-1} - K^{-1} H^T \underbrace{(H K^{-1} H^T + B^{-1})^{-1}}_{S^{-1}} H K^{-1} \quad S^{-1}$$

$$= H_*^T (b + B H (K + H^T B H)^{-1} (y - H^T b))$$

$$+ K_* (K + H^T B H)^{-1} (y - H^T b)$$

$$= H_*^T (b + S^{-1} H K^{-1} (y - H^T b))$$

$$+ K_* K^{-1} (I - H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1}) (y - H^T b)$$

$$= H_*^T S^{-1} (H K^{-1} H^T + B^{-1}) b + H K^{-1} y - H K^{-1} H^T b$$

$$+ K_* K^{-1} (y - H^T (b + \underbrace{S^{-1} H K^{-1} y}_{S^{-1} S b} - S^{-1} H K^{-1} H^T b))$$

$$= H_*^T S^{-1} (B^{-1} b + H K^{-1} y)$$

$$+ K_* K^{-1} (y - H^T S^{-1} (B^{-1} b + H K^{-1} y))$$

$$= H_*^T S^{-1} \underbrace{(B^{-1} b + H K^{-1} y)}_{\bar{\beta}}$$

$$+ K_* K^{-1} (y - H^T \underbrace{S^{-1} (B^{-1} b + H K^{-1} y)}_{\bar{\beta}})$$

$$= H_*^T \bar{\beta} + K_* K^{-1} (y - H^T \bar{\beta})$$

$$= K_* K^{-1} y + (H_*^T - K_* K^{-1} H^T) \bar{\beta}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Cov } g(x_*) &= K(x_* x_*) + H_*^T B H_* \\
&\quad - (K_* + H_*^T B H) [K^{-1} - K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1}] (K_*^T + H^T B H_*) \\
&= K(x_*, x_*) - K_* K^{-1} K_*^T + H_*^T B H_* \\
&\quad + K_* K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1} K_*^T \\
&\quad - K_* (K^{-1} - K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1}) H^T B H_* \Rightarrow -K_* K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H_* \\
&\quad - H_*^T B H (K^{-1} - K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1}) K_*^T \Rightarrow -H_*^T S^{-1} H K^{-1} K_*^T \\
&\quad - H_*^T B H (K^{-1} - K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1}) (H^T B H_*) \\
&\quad \qquad \qquad \qquad \Rightarrow H_*^T S^{-1} H_* - H_*^T B H_*
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= K(x_*, x_*) - K_* K^{-1} K_*^T \\
&\quad + K_* K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H K^{-1} K_*^T \\
&\quad - K_* K^{-1} H^T S^{-1} H_* \\
&\quad - H_*^T S^{-1} H K^{-1} K_*^T \\
&\quad + H_*^T S^{-1} H_*
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \text{Cov}(f_*) + (H_*^T - K_* K^{-1} H^T) S^{-1} (H_* - H K^{-1} K_*^T)$$