

# 粒子滤波

黄政宇

北京大学北京国际数学研究中心  
北京大学国际机器学习研究中心



# 本堂课大纲

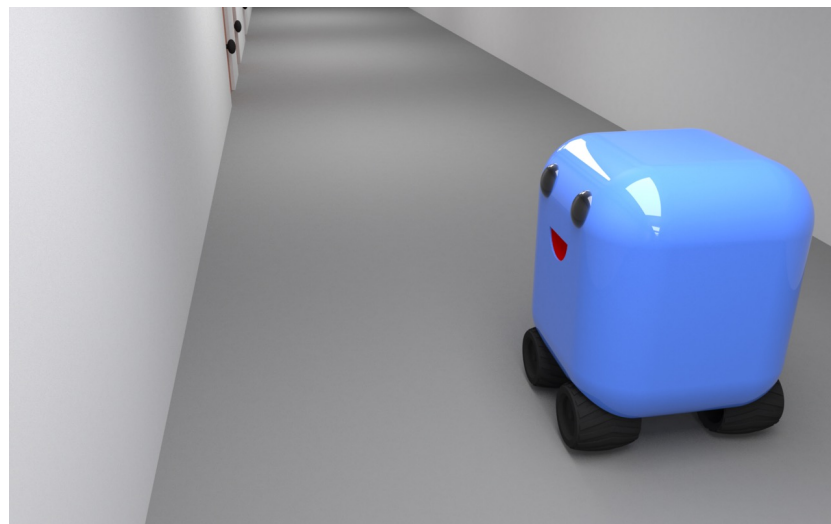
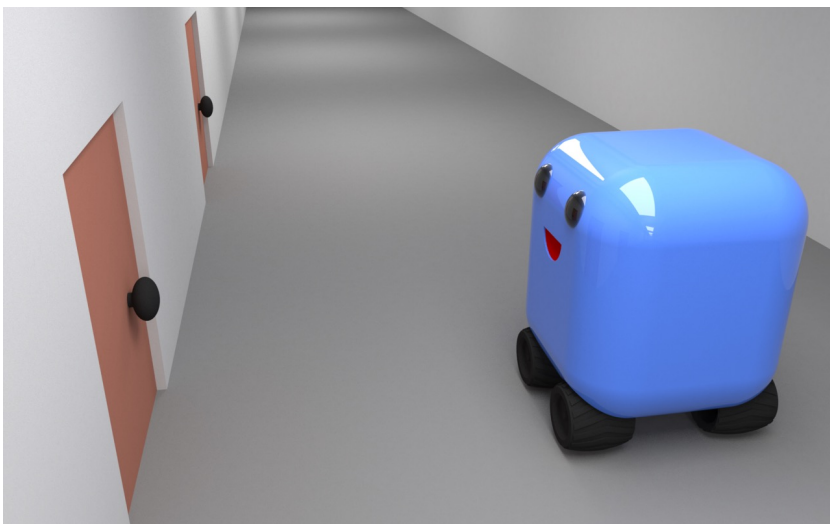
## ➤ 粒子滤波

- 有限状态粒子滤波
- 序贯重要性采样(SIS)粒子滤波
- 序贯重要性重采样(SIR)粒子滤波
- 正则化粒子滤波
- 增广粒子滤波



# 数据同化问题

## ➤ 机器人定位问题

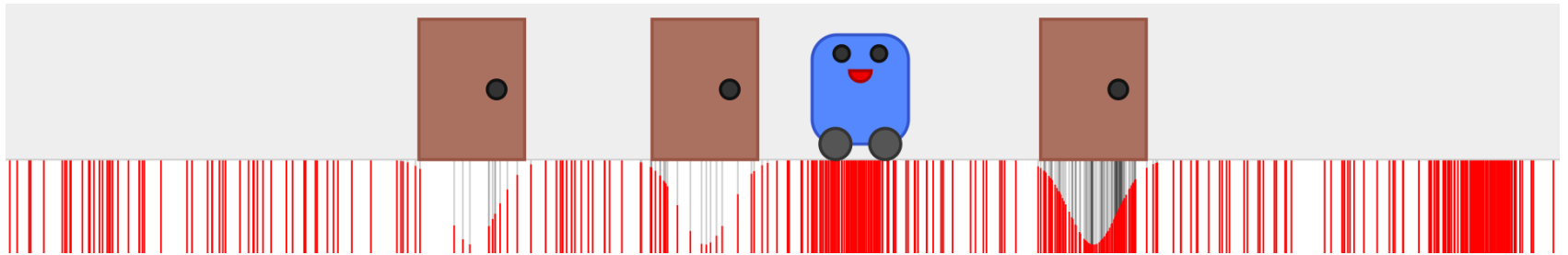
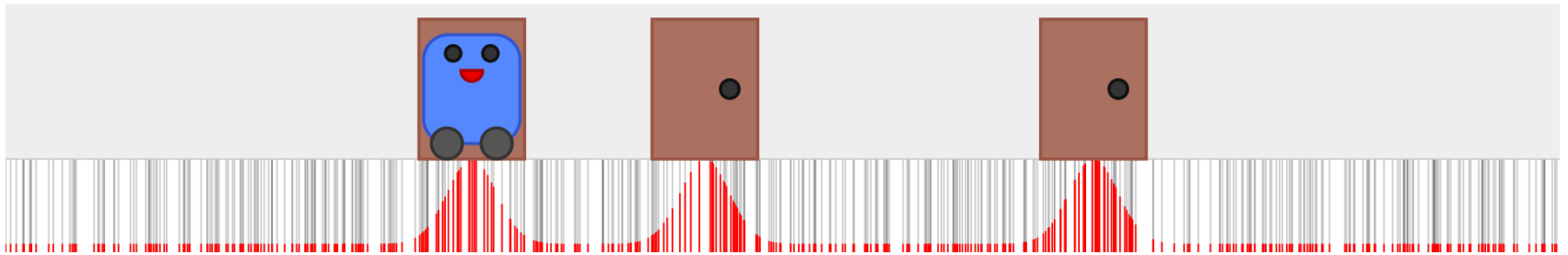


一个机器人沿着一维走廊行进，装备了一个传感器，该传感器只能判断左边是否有门。(Monte Carlo localization - Wikipedia)



# 数据同化问题

## ➤ 机器人定位问题





# 数据同化问题

## ➤ 数据同化问题

演化方程:  $x_{n+1} = \mathcal{F}(x_n) + \omega_{n+1}$

观测方程:  $y_{n+1} = \mathcal{H}(x_{n+1}) + \eta_{n+1}$

## ➤ 假设

演化噪音:  $\omega_{n+1} \sim \rho_\omega$

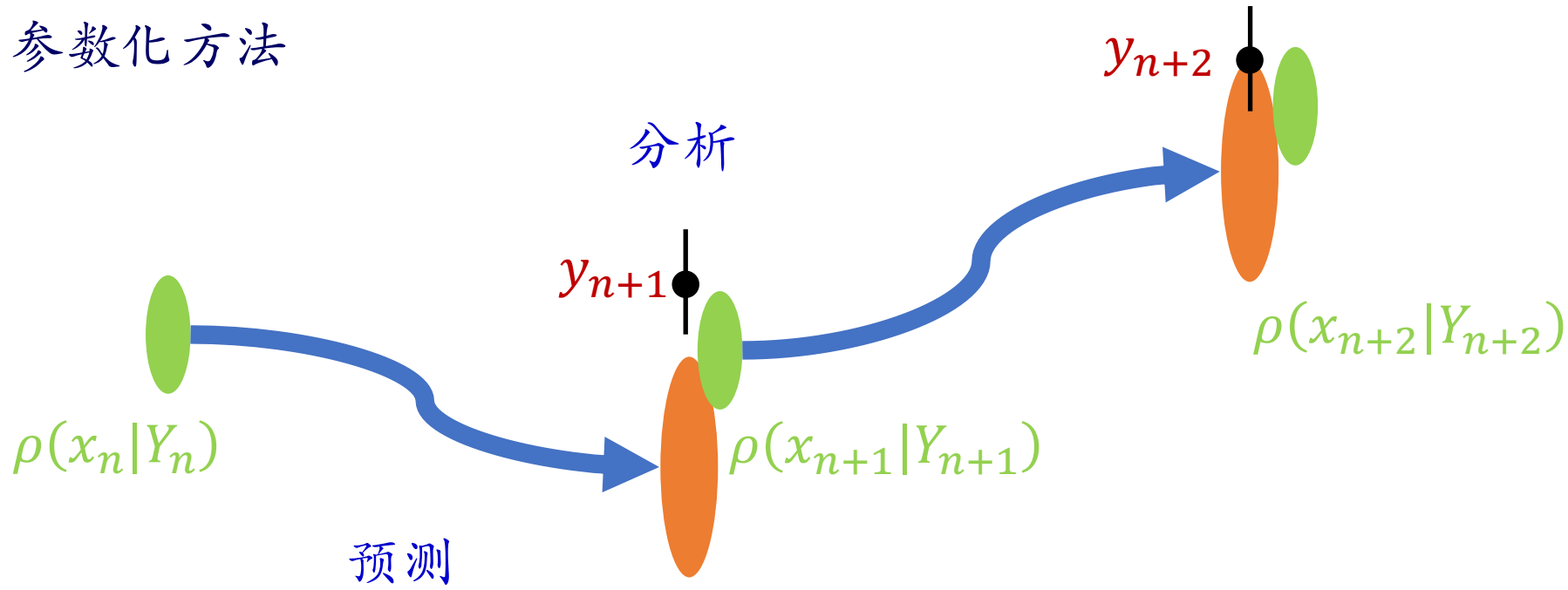
观测噪音:  $\eta_{n+1} \sim \rho_\eta$

先验分布:  $\rho_{\text{prior}}(x) \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_0^j \delta(x - x_0^j)$



# 数据同化问题

## 参数化方法





# 有限状态粒子滤波

➤ 有限状态  $x_s^1, x_s^2, \dots, x_s^{N_s}$  粒子滤波问题

$n$ 时刻后验分布：

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^{N_s} w_n^j \delta(x - x_s^j)$$

$\mathcal{O}(N_s^2)$

预测：

$$x_{n+1} | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^{N_s} \hat{w}_{n+1}^j \delta(x - x_s^j)$$

$$\hat{w}_{n+1}^j = \sum_{i=1}^{N_s} w_n^i \rho(x_s^i, x_s^j) \quad \text{演化方程的转移概率矩阵}$$

分析：

$$x_{n+1} | Y_{n+1} \sim \sum_{j=1}^{N_s} w_{n+1}^j \delta(x - x_s^j)$$

$$\bar{w}_{n+1}^j = \hat{w}_{n+1}^j \rho_\eta(y - \mathcal{H}(x_s^j)) \quad w_{n+1}^j = \frac{\bar{w}_{n+1}^j}{\sum_{j=1}^J \bar{w}_{n+1}^j}$$



# 序列估计问题

➤ 考虑采样序列服从  $\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)$

$$\begin{aligned} & \rho(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1}) \\ &= \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{0:n+1}, Y_n)\rho(x_{0:n+1}|Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)} \\ &= \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n, x_{0:n+1})\rho(x_{n+1}|x_{0:n}, Y_n)\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)} \\ &= \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1})\rho(x_{n+1}|x_n)\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)} \end{aligned}$$





# 序列估计问题

➤ 考虑采样序列服从  $\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)$

$$\rho(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1}) = \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1})\rho(x_{n+1}|x_n)\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)}$$

边缘分布：

$$\rho(x_{n+1}|Y_{n+1}) = \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1}) \int \rho(x_{n+1}|x_n)\rho(x_n|Y_n)dx_n}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)}$$

预测：

$$\rho(x_{n+1}|Y_n) = \int \rho(x_{n+1}|x_n)\rho(x_n|Y_n)dx_n$$

分析：

$$\rho(x_{n+1}|Y_{n+1}) = \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1})\rho(x_{n+1}|Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)}$$



# 重要性采样

直接采样：

$$\rho^*(x) = \frac{1}{J} \sum_{j=1}^J \delta(x - x^{*j}) \quad x^{*j} \sim \rho^*(x)$$

$$\text{计算：} \mathbb{E}_{\rho^*}[f] = \int f(x) \rho^*(x) dx$$

采样： $\{x^j\} \sim \rho(x)$

$$\mathbb{E}_{\rho^*}[f] \approx \rho_{\text{MC}}^J(f) = \sum_{j=1}^J w^j f(x^j) \quad w^j \propto \frac{\rho^*(x^j)}{\rho(x^j)}$$

重要性采样：

$$\rho^*(x) = \sum_{j=1}^J w^j \delta(x - x^j) \quad x^j \sim \rho(x) \quad w^j \propto \frac{\rho^*(x^j)}{\rho(x^j)}$$



# 重要性采样

➤ 考虑采样序列服从  $\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)$

$$\rho(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1}) = \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1})\rho(x_{n+1}|x_n)\rho(x_{0:n}|Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1}|Y_n)}$$

采样

$$x_{0:n+1}^j \sim q(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1}) \quad w_{n+1}^j \propto \frac{\rho(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1})}{q(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1})}$$

那么

$$\{x_{0:n+1}^j, w_{n+1}^j\} \sim \rho(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1})$$



# 序贯重要性采样(SIS)粒子滤波

➤ 序贯重要性采样(Sequential Importance Sampling)粒子滤波

假设：

$$q(x_{0:n+1}|Y_{n+1}) = q(x_{n+1}|x_{0:n}, Y_{n+1})q(x_{0:n}|Y_n)$$

重要性采样：

$$\text{生成粒子 } x_{0:n}^j \sim q(x_{0:n}|Y_n), \quad w_n^j \propto \frac{\rho(x_{0:n}^j|Y_n)}{q(x_{0:n}^j|Y_n)}$$

采样  $x_{n+1}^j \sim q(x_{n+1}|x_{0:n}, Y_{n+1})$ ，计算  $x_{0:n+1}^j$  的权重

$$\begin{aligned} w_{n+1}^j &\propto \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1}^j)\rho(x_{n+1}^j|x_n^j)\rho(x_{0:n}^j|Y_n)}{q(x_{0:n+1}^j|Y_{n+1})} \\ &= \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1}^j)\rho(x_{n+1}^j|x_n^j)\rho(x_{0:n}^j|Y_n)}{q(x_{n+1}^j|x_{0:n}^j, Y_{n+1})q(x_{0:n}^j|Y_n)} \propto w_n^j \frac{\rho(y_{n+1}|x_{n+1}^j)\rho(x_{n+1}^j|x_n^j)}{q(x_{n+1}^j|x_{0:n}^j, Y_{n+1})} \end{aligned}$$



# 序贯重要性采样(SIS)粒子滤波

➤ 序贯重要性采样(Sequential Importance Sampling)粒子滤波

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

重要性采样：

$$x_{n+1}^j \sim q(x_{n+1} | x_{0:n}^j, Y_{n+1})$$

更新权重：

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{w}_{n+1}^j &= w_n^j \frac{\rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}^j) \rho(x_{n+1}^j | x_n^j)}{q(x_{n+1} | x_{0:n}^j, Y_{n+1})} & w_{n+1}^j &= \frac{\bar{w}_{n+1}^j}{\sum_{j=1}^J \bar{w}_{n+1}^j} \\ &= w_n^j \frac{\rho_\eta(y_{n+1} - \mathcal{H}(x_{n+1}^j)) \rho_\omega(x_{n+1}^j - \mathcal{F}(x_n^j))}{q(x_{n+1} | x_{0:n}^j, Y_{n+1})} \end{aligned}$$



# 序贯重要性采样(SIS)粒子滤波

➤ 序贯重要性采样(Sequential Importance Sampling)粒子滤波

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

重要性采样：

$$x_{n+1}^j \sim q(x_{n+1} | x_{0:n}^j, Y_n) := \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^j)$$

$$x_{n+1}^j = \mathcal{F}(\hat{x}_n^j) + \omega_{n+1}^j \quad \text{其中 } \omega_{n+1}^j \sim \rho_\omega(x)$$

更新权重：

$$\bar{w}_{n+1}^j = w_n^j \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}^j)$$

$$w_{n+1}^j = \frac{\bar{w}_{n+1}^j}{\sum_{j=1}^J \bar{w}_{n+1}^j}$$

$$= w_n^j \rho_\eta(y_{n+1} - \mathcal{H}(x_{n+1}^j))$$

权重退化为0



# 序贯重要性采样(SIS)粒子滤波

➤ 有效粒子数(Effective sample size)

$$\widehat{N}_{eff} = \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^J (w_{n+1}^j)^2}$$

$$1 \leq \widehat{N}_{eff} \leq J$$



# 序贯重要性重采样(SIR)粒子滤波

➤ 序贯重要性重采样(Sequential Importance Resampling)粒子滤波

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

重采样:  $\hat{x}_n^j \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$  生成  $\alpha \sim \text{Uniform}[0,1]$

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \frac{1}{J} \sum_{j=1}^J \delta(x - \hat{x}_n^j)$$

重要性采样:  $x_{n+1}^j \sim \rho(x_{n+1} | \hat{x}_n^j)$

$$x_{n+1}^j = \mathcal{F}(\hat{x}_n^j) + \omega_{n+1}^j \quad \text{其中 } \omega_{n+1}^j \sim \rho_\omega(x)$$

更新权重:

$$\bar{w}_{n+1}^j = \frac{1}{J} \rho_\eta(y_{n+1} - \mathcal{H}(x_{n+1}^j))$$

$$w_{n+1}^j = \frac{\bar{w}_{n+1}^j}{\sum_{j=1}^J \bar{w}_{n+1}^j}$$





# 序贯重要性重采样(SIR)粒子滤波

## ➤ 算子理解

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

$$\rho(x_{n+1} | Y_{n+1})$$

$$= \frac{\rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \rho(x_{n+1} | Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1} | Y_n)}$$

$$\propto \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \int \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n, Y_n) \rho(x_n | Y_n) dx_n$$

$$\approx \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \sum_j w_n^j \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^j, Y_n)$$

预测： $x_{n+1}^j, \frac{1}{J} \sim \rho(x_{n+1} | Y_n) \approx \sum_j w_n^j \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^j, Y_n)$

分析： $w_{n+1}^j \propto \frac{1}{J} \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}^j, Y_n)$



# 序贯重要性重采样(SIR)粒子滤波

## ➤ 算子理解

$$\mathcal{P}\rho(y) = \int \rho_\omega(y - \mathcal{F}(x))\rho(x) dx$$

$$\mathcal{A}_n\rho(x) = \rho(x|\mathcal{H}(x) + \eta = y_n)$$

$$= \frac{\rho_\eta(y_n - \mathcal{H}(x))\rho(x)}{\int \rho_\eta(y_n - \mathcal{H}(x))\rho(x) dx}$$

$$\mathcal{S}^J\rho(x) = \frac{1}{J} \sum_{j=1}^J \delta(x - x^j) \quad x^j \sim \rho$$



# 序贯重要性重采样(SIR)粒子滤波

## ➤ 滤波分布

$$\rho_n^*(x_n) = \rho(x_n | Y_n)$$

$$\rho_{n+1}^* = \mathcal{A}_{n+1} \mathcal{P} \rho_n^*$$

## ➤ SIR近似分布

$$\rho_n^J(x) = \sum_{j=1}^J w_n \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

$$\rho_{n+1}^J = \mathcal{A}_{n+1} \mathcal{S}^J \mathcal{P} \rho_n^J$$



# 序贯重要性重采样(SIR)粒子滤波

## 重要性重采样粒子滤波器收敛性

假设存在  $\kappa \in (0,1)$ ，对于  $n = 1, 2, \dots, N$

$$\kappa \leq \rho_\eta(y_n - \mathcal{H}(x)) \leq 1/\kappa$$

并且  $\rho_0^J = \rho_0^*$ 。对于滤波分布  $\rho_n^*$ ，我们的近似  $\rho_n^J$  满足

$$d(\rho_n^*, \rho_n^J) = \sup_{|f|_\infty \leq 1} \left( \mathbb{E} \left[ \left( \rho_n^*(f) - \rho_n^J(f) \right)^2 \right] \right)^{1/2} \leq \frac{c(n, \kappa)}{\sqrt{J}}$$

其中  $J$  是粒子数， $\rho(f) = \int f \rho dx$ ， $\mathbb{E}$  是关于  $\mathcal{S}^J$  重采样的期

望， $c(n, \kappa) = \frac{\lambda(\lambda^n - 1)}{\lambda - 1}$ ， $\lambda = 2/\kappa^2$ 。



# 粒子滤波

## ▶ 粒子坍塌(Particle collapse)

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

重采样:  $\hat{x}_n^j \sim \rho_n^j(x)$  生成  $\alpha \sim \text{Uniform}[0,1]$

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \frac{1}{J} \sum_{j=1}^J \delta(x - \hat{x}_n^j)$$

$$x_{n+1}^j = \mathcal{F}(\hat{x}_n^j) + \omega_{n+1}^j \quad \text{其中 } \omega_{n+1}^j \sim \rho_\omega(x)$$

当 $J$ 不大, 演化噪音 $\omega_{n+1}^j$ 很小时, 若 $w_1 \gg w_i$ , 发生粒子坍塌。



# 正则化 (Regularized) 粒子滤波

➤ 重采样 (额外添加噪音)

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j K(x - x_n^j)$$

核函数

$$\int K(x) dx = 1$$

有平移不变性的核函数

$$K(x) = K(\|x\|)$$



# 增广 (Auxiliary) 粒子滤波

## ➤ 算子理解

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rho(x_{n+1} | Y_{n+1}) &= \frac{\rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \rho(x_{n+1} | Y_n)}{\rho(y_{n+1} | Y_n)} \\ &\propto \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \int \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n, Y_n) \rho(x_n | Y_n) dx_n \\ &\approx \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \sum_j w_n^j \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^j, Y_n) \end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{O}(N_s)$

预测： $x_{n+1}^j \sim g(x_{n+1} | Y_{n+1})$

分析： $w_{n+1}^j \propto \frac{\rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}^j, Y_n) \rho(x_{n+1}^j | Y_n)}{g(x_{n+1}^j | Y_{n+1})}$



# 增广 (Auxiliary) 粒子滤波

## ➤ 算子理解

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

$$\rho(x_{n+1} | Y_{n+1}) \propto \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \sum_j w_n^j \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^j, Y_n)$$

$$\rho(x_{n+1}, k | Y_{n+1}) \propto \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) w_n^k \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^k, Y_n)$$

预测： $x_{n+1}^j, i^j \sim g(x_{n+1}, k | Y_{n+1})$

分析： $w_{n+1}^j \propto \frac{\rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}^j, Y_n) w_n^{ij} \rho(x_{n+1}^j | x_n^{ij})}{g(x_{n+1}^j, i^j | Y_{n+1})}$

$$x_{n+1}^j, i^j, w_{n+1}^j \sim \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) w_n^k \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^k, Y_n)$$

$$x_{n+1}^j, w_{n+1}^j \sim \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) \rho(x_{n+1} | Y_n)$$





# 增广 (Auxiliary) 粒子滤波

$$x_n | Y_n \sim \sum_{j=1}^J w_n^j \delta(x - x_n^j)$$

$$\rho(x_{n+1}, k | Y_{n+1}) \propto \rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}, Y_n) w_n^k \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^k, Y_n)$$

$$g(x_{n+1}, k | Y_{n+1}) \propto \rho(y_{n+1} | \mu_{n+1}^k) w_n^k \rho(x_{n+1} | x_n^k)$$

$\mu_{n+1}^k$  是  $x_{n+1} | x_n^k$  的期望或任意一个采样等

预测： $x_{n+1}^j, i^j \sim g(x_{n+1}, k | Y_{n+1})$

分析： $w_{n+1}^j \propto \frac{\rho(y_{n+1} | x_{n+1}^j, Y_n) w_n^{i^j} \rho(x_{n+1}^j | x_n^{i^j})}{g(x_{n+1}^j, i^j | Y_{n+1})}$



# 总结

## ➤ 粒子滤波

- 基于序贯重要性采样的粒子滤波
- 基于序贯重要性重采样的粒子滤波
- 当  $J \rightarrow \infty$ ，收敛到滤波分布
- 潜在问题：运算量大、不稳定、粒子坍塌
- 改进：正则化、增广粒子滤波



# 扩展阅读

## ➤ 粒子滤波

使用综述: Arulampalam, M. Sanjeev, et al. "A tutorial on particle filters for online nonlinear/non-Gaussian Bayesian tracking." *IEEE Transactions on signal processing* 50.2 (2002): 174-188.

使用综述: Elfring, Jos, Elena Torta, and René Van De Molengraft. "Particle filters: A hands-on tutorial." *Sensors* 21.2 (2021): 438..

综述: Doucet, Arnaud, and Adam M. Johansen. "A tutorial on particle filtering and smoothing: Fifteen years later." *Handbook of nonlinear filtering* 12.656-704 (2009): 3.

增广粒子滤波: Pitt, Michael K., and Neil Shephard. "Auxiliary variable based particle filters." *Sequential Monte Carlo methods in practice* (2001): 273-293..

增广粒子滤波收敛性: Johansen, Adam M., and Arnaud Doucet. "A note on auxiliary particle filters." *Statistics & Probability Letters* 78.12 (2008): 1498-1504.

贝叶斯采样: Del Moral, Pierre, Arnaud Doucet, and Ajay Jasra. "Sequential monte carlo samplers." *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society Series B: Statistical Methodology* 68.3 (2006): 411-436.