

**HOMEWORK 6 - DUE APRIL 16TH, IN CLASS.**

**Exercise 0.1.** Read the proof of the Omitting types theorem in Marker's Model theory: An Introduction, i.e. Theorem 4.2.3.

**Exercise 0.2.** Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be a countable language and  $\kappa$  an infinite cardinal. Let  $M$  be an  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure such that  $|M| > \kappa$ . Prove that the following are equivalent:

- (1) For every  $A \subseteq M$  such that  $|A| < \kappa$  and  $p \in S_1(A)$ , there exists some  $a \in M$  such that  $a \models p$ .
- (2) For every  $A \subseteq M$  such that  $|A| < \kappa$  and  $n \geq 1$  where  $p \in S_n(A)$ , there exists some  $\bar{a} \in M^n$  such that  $\bar{a} \models p$ .

**Exercise 0.3.** Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be a countable language and  $M$  an infinite  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure and  $A \subseteq M$  such that  $|A| \leq \aleph_0$ . Prove that for any finite tuple  $\bar{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$ ,  $|A| \leq |S_{\bar{x}}(A)| \leq 2^{\aleph_0}$ .

**Exercise 0.4.** Does there exist a countable  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure  $M$  such that  $|S_1(\emptyset)| = 1$  while  $|S_2(\emptyset)| \geq \aleph_0$ ? If yes, provide example and justify. If no, prove.

**Exercise 0.5.** Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be a countable language and  $M$  an infinite  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure. Suppose that for every  $M \prec N$  and  $a, b \in N \setminus M$ , there exists an automorphism  $\sigma : N \rightarrow N$  such that  $\sigma(a) = b$  and which fixes  $M$  pointwise (i.e. for every  $c \in M$ ,  $\sigma(c) = c$ ). Determine  $|S_1(M)|$  and prove your claim.

**Exercise 0.6.** Here we count types. You need some type of justification for each answer.

- (1) Consider  $M = (\mathbb{Q}, <)$ . Find the size of  $S_1(\mathbb{Q})$  and  $S_1(\emptyset)$ . Justify your claim.
- (2) Consider  $M = (\mathbb{N}, <, S)$ . Find the size of  $S_1(\mathbb{N})$ . Justify your claim.
- (3) Consider  $M = (\mathbb{Z}; 0, +)$ . Find the size of  $S_1(\emptyset)$ . Justify your claim.
- (4) Consider  $M = (\mathbb{G}; R)$  be a model of the random graph. Find the size of  $S_1(A)$  where  $A$  is any countable set. Justify your claim.

**Exercise 0.7.** If you have time, read The recent history of model theory by Enrique Casanovas. See <http://www.ub.edu/modeltheory/documentos/HistoryMT.pdf>