Homework 7 for "Algorithms for Big-Data Analysis"

Note: Please write up your solutions independently. If you get significant help from others, write down the source of references. A formal mathematical proof for all your claims is required.

1. Derive the dual optimization problem for

$$\min_{\substack{w,b,\xi \\ w,b,\xi \\ w,b,\xi \\ w,b,\xi \\ w,b,\xi \\ w,b,\xi \\ w,b,\xi \\ w,c,k \\ w,c,k \\ w,b,k \\ w,c,k \\$$

- 2. Properties of Submodular Functions
 - (a) Prove that any non-negative submodular function is also subadditive, i.e. if $F : 2^X \to \mathbb{R}_+$ is submodular then $F(S \cup T) \leq F(S) + F(T)$ for any $S, T \subseteq X$. Here, $\mathbb{R}_+ = \{x \in \mathbb{R}, x \geq 0\}$.
 - (b) Prove that a function $F : 2^X \to \mathbb{R}_+$ is submodular if and only if for any $S, T \subseteq X$, the marginal contribution function $F_S(T) = F(S \cup T) F(S)$ is subadditive. (If the statement is not true, please either add a condition to make it correct or give a counterexample.)
- 3. Consider a graph (V, E), where V is the set of nodes and E is the set of edges. Let S be a subset of V and $V \setminus S$ be the complement of S. Define f(S) be the number of edges e = (u, v) such that $u \in S$ and $v \in V \setminus S$. Prove that f(S) is submodular.
- 4. Exercise 3.4 in http://incompleteideas.net/book/RLbook2020.pdf
- 5. Exercise 3.23 in http://incompleteideas.net/book/RLbook2020.pdf