

Project 1 for “Algorithms for Big-Data Analysis”

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1 Submission Requirement

1. Prepare a report including
 - detailed answers to each question
 - numerical results and their interpretation
2. The programming language can be either matlab, Python or c/c++.
3. Pack all of your codes named as ”proj1mk-name-ID.zip” send it to TA: pkuopt@163.com
作业提交需要统一打包成压缩文件，命名格式为：proj1mk-学号-姓名，文件类型随意。文件名中不要出现空格，最好不要出现中文。
4. 请勿大量将代码粘在报告中，涉及到实际结果需要打表或者作图，不要截图或者直接从命令行拷贝结果。
5. 提交word的同学需要提供word原文件并将其转换成pdf文件。
6. If you get significant help from others on one routine, write down the source of references at the beginning of this routine.

2 Algorithms for ℓ_1 minimization

Consider the problem

$$(2.1) \quad \min_x \mu \|x\|_1 + \|Ax - b\|_1,$$

where $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ and $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ are given. Test data are as follows:

```
n = 1024;  
m = 512;  
A = randn(m, n);  
u = sprandn(n, 1, 0.1);  
b = A*u;
```

See http://bicmr.pku.edu.cn/~wenzw/bigdata/Test_BP.m

1. Solve (2.1) using CVX by calling different solvers mosek or gurobi.

CVX, Mosek and Gurobi are available free at:

CVX: <http://cvxr.com/cvx/>

Mosek: <http://www.mosek.com/>

Gurobi: <http://www.gurobi.com/>

2. Write down and implement one of the following algorithms in Matlab/Python:

(a) Classical Augmented Lagrangian method (or Bregman method), where each augmented Lagrangian function is minimized by using the proximal gradient method

Reference: Wotao Yin, Stanley Osher, Donald Goldfarb, Jerome Darbon, *Bregman Iterative Algorithms for l_1 -Minimization with Applications to Compressed Sensing*

(b) Classical Augmented Lagrangian method (or Bregman method), where each augmented Lagrangian function is minimized by using the accelerated proximal gradient method (FISTA or Nesterov's method)

Reference on FISTA: Amir Beck and Marc Teboulle, *A fast iterative shrinkage thresholding algorithm for linear inverse problems*

3. Write down and implement one of the following algorithms in Matlab/Python:

(a) Alternating direction method of multipliers (ADMM) for the primal or dual problem

Reference: Junfeng Yang, Yin Zhang, *Alternating direction algorithms for l_1 -problems in Compressed Sensing*, SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, <https://epubs.siam.org/doi/abs/10.1137/090777761>

(b) Alternating direction method of multipliers with linearization for the primal or dual problem

Reference: Junfeng Yang, Yin Zhang, *Alternating direction algorithms for l_1 -problems in Compressed Sensing*, SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, <https://epubs.siam.org/doi/abs/10.1137/090777761>

4. (Optional) Develop algorithms for solving the following problems:

$$\begin{aligned} \min_x \quad & \mu \|x\|_1 + \|Ax - b\|_2, \\ \min_x \quad & \mu \|x\|_1 + \|Ax - b\|_\infty, \\ \min_x \quad & \mu \|x\|_{1/2} + \|Ax - b\|_2, \end{aligned}$$

where $\|x\|_{1/2} = \sum_i |x_i|^{1/2}$.

5. Requirement:

(a) The interface of each method should be written in the following format

```
[x, out] = method_name(x0, A, b, mu, opts);
```

Here, x0 is a given input initial solution, A and b are given data, opts is a struct which stores the options of the algorithm, out is a struct which saves all other output information.

(b) Compare the efficiency (cpu time) and accuracy (checking optimality condition) in the format as

http://bicmr.pku.edu.cn/~wenzw/bigdata/Test_BP.m

3 Algorithms For Low-rank Recovery

Consider the model

$$(3.1) \quad \min_{X \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}} \mu \|X\|_* + \sum_{(i,j) \in \Omega} (X_{ij} - M_{ij})^2,$$

where the nuclear norm $\|X\|_* = \sum_i \sigma_i(X)$.

1. Write down and implement a proximal gradient method for solving (3.1).
2. Write down and implement an alternating direction method of multipliers (ADMM) for solving (3.1).
3. The data M and Ω are specified in the following script:
`http://bicmr.pku.edu.cn/~wenzw/bigdata/Test_MC.m`
Test your method for $\mu = 10^{-1}, 10^{-2}, 10^{-3}$.
4. (Optional) Design a method for solving the following problem:

$$(3.2) \quad \min_{X \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}} \mu \|X\|_* + \sum_{(i,j) \in \Omega} |X_{ij} - M_{ij}|.$$